Historicism can be as extreme as claiming that certain changes are "historically inevitable," as though history were a force on par with gravity or magnetism. In most cases, however, the term historicism simply refers to a careful interpretation of events with a mind to their cultural, historical, and political contexts. In theology, historicism is an approach to eschatology and prophecy in general. In historicism biblical prophecies are interpreted as representative of literal historical events. Historicism looks at the whole of Bible prophecy as a sweeping overview of church history, from Pe New Historicism, the most innovative critical movement, came in existence in 1980 because of the critical manifesto of Stephen Greenblatt, "an award winning literary critic, theorist and scholar" who coined this very term New historicism for the first time with an intention to propound new critical methods for interpreting the Renaissance. texts ("Stephen J. Greenblatt" Wikipedia). This term occurs in his treatise The Power of Forms and the Forms of Power in the Renaissance. New historicism is a critical approach which disrupts the extremity of purely formal and linguistic critical canon and dogmatism of close textual analysis of a work at the expense of extrinsic value embedded implicitly in its intrinsic part. We have already shifted from attrition tactics, where we shove them from one position to another in Iraq and Syria, to annihilation tactics, where we surround them. Our intention is that the foreign fighters do not survive the fight to return home to North Africa, to Europe, to America, to Asia, to Africa. We are not going to allow them to do so. We are going to stop them there and take apart the caliphate. Mattis said the annihilation effort is unfolding right now in western Mosul, which is surrounded by Iraqi forces. "Tal Afar is now surrounded," he said. "We have got efforts under way right