Intellectual property has become the new wealth of the late-20th century. In this important book, David Vaver provides a lively examination of the three fields of Canadian intellectual property law—copyrights, patents, and trade-marks. No other Canadian text combines analyses of all three of these fields in one volume. "Intellectual Property Law" is written in non-technical language and answers the following questions: What is protected? Who owns it? What are the owner's rights? What are the user's rights? Current issues and concerns including genetic engineering, the Internet, and the most recent amendments to the "Copyright Act" are also examined. Finally, there is a chapter on the management and enforcement of intellectual property rights and a concluding chapter that looks at the broader legal and policy implications of intellectual property law.

**ISBN**
1552210073

**Publication Date**
1997

**Publisher**
Irwin Law

**City**
Concord, Ontario

**Keywords**
Intellectual property; Canada

**Comments**

**Bibliographic Citation**

**Repository Citation**
Copyright, patent and trademark laws protect intellectual property. Which one you use depends on the kind of intellectual property you want to protect. Trademarks. The two parts to a trademark are the graphic mark, such as a logo or image, and the products or services to which it will apply. You have to submit both to the United States Patent and Trademark Office and pay the applicable fees. The USPTO reviews the request, and may require evidence that you are using the trademark in commercial transactions. Once your request is granted, the office publishes your registration and an image of the