DYNAMICS OF MAIN INTERNATIONAL ACTORS IN 2009

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Summary/Abstract: This article analyses the evolution of major international actors in 2009. The analysis is focused on the referential issues of the global scene, on the generalized background of the global economic crisis. In this regard, the author sets as points of interest the dispute over Iranian nuclear issue, the development of the European construction, sino-russian strategic interest in the Asian region, and the Turkey efforts, both for the EU integration, and normalization of the old tensioned...
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## About

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Dynamics of Relations between different Actors when Building Peace. The Role of Hybridity and Culture. Anna Bernhard. Apart from differentiating the wide array of actors in international peacebuilding according to their position as local/insider or external/outsider actors, there are also other ways of differentiating them, for example on the basis of their modalities of action or their fields of activities. In any case, an actor's role is always dependent on a certain context. Barnett and Zürcher (2009) suggest four types of relations: In the cooperative peacebuilding relation(ship), local elites accept the peacebuilding programme and cooperate with the outsider organisation. Actor-states in Nagorno-Karabakh 11 conflict a. Russia 11 b. USA 14 c. EU 18 d. Turkey 20 e. Iran 23. Conclusions 27 Bibliography 30 List of used abbreviations 33 Appendix 1. Ethnic cleansing, ethnic and lingo-cultural assimilation policy 34 Appendix 2. Main economic indicators for Armenia, Azerbaijan and Nagorno-Karabakh 35 Appendix 3. Azerbaijan hydrocarbon resources production and transportation. 36 Appendix 4. Turkish direct investments in Azerbaijan non-energetic sector compared to direct investments in Georgia 36 Appendix 5. Diasporas in main actor states 37 2 Analysis of "Gains and L. The international system: the major actors and institutions. This section gives a 'snapshot' of the inter-national industrial relations system. One of the main functions is to represent the interests of the national constituency at world level, to provide a voice, whether for workers or employers or citizens, within intergovernmental bodies, and to organize or coordinate any other actions that may be taken in pursuit of their interests (Devin, 1990) and from other actors in the international system; and access to appropriate instru-ments of action. These factors apply equally to employers' and some other types of international organizations. Instruments and outcomes.