The school district superintendent in the United States of America

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The Educational Superintendent: Between Trust and Regulation, An International Perspective

Abstract
Public education is one of the main forces that make a healthy and democratic society. It strives to educate and to provide the younger generation knowledge and skills that allow children to become contributing citizens in their society. Public education is considered highly significant in consolidating the society and establishing its cultural and economic strength. For those reasons, governments choose to invest a significant portion of the state’s national resources in public schooling.

Taking into account the costs and political significance attributed to public education, it is not surprising that governments establish some formal mechanism responsible for the monitoring of schools, intended to ensure that schools operate professionally and in accordance with national goals and policies. ...

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characterizing different educational systems, using the superintendent's role as a lens. Specifically, the book describes how superintendency is exercised in thirteen national public systems with each chapter focusing on a single state providing an "insider's" perspective of the superintendency system in light of the structural, institutional and cultural features of each society and educational system.

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Schooling is compulsory for all children in the United States, but the age range for which school attendance is required varies from state to state. Most children begin elementary education with kindergarten (usually five to six years old) and finish secondary education with twelfth grade (usually eighteen years old). The school board appoints an official called the superintendent of schools to manage the schools in the district. The largest public school system in the United States is in New York City, where more than one million students are taught in 1,200 separate public schools. Education in the United States is provided in public, private, and home schools. State governments set overall educational standards, often mandate standardized tests for K-12 public school systems and supervise, usually through a board of regents, state colleges, and universities. The bulk of the $1.3 trillion in funding comes from state and local governments, with federal funding accounting for only about $200 billion. Private schools are generally free to determine their own curriculum and staffing School district rankings are controversial in my home state of Ohio. We always fight on whether the methodology is flawed, and what it means to be a truly effective, and great school district. This list below is compiled using two of the most reliable sources for ranking school districts in the United States of America(USNews.com, and Schooldigger.com), and Blue Ribbon awards, etc.n as well as other accomplishments. Here is some basic criteria to be considered for this ranking. First of all, this list doesn't include private schools, public-charter schools, boarding schools, or any other specialized schools. These are school districts. Second of all, the school districts I used include at least a Kindergarten through twelfth grade ranking.