Notices (1) of an Ancient Canoe found in the river Tay, near Errol; (2) a Grinding-stone found on the Sidlaw Hills; (3) a Beggar’s Badge of Sixteenth Century found in Dundee; and (4) a Spear-head of Flint found in the carcass of a Whale. Being recent additions to the Dundee Museum

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KEYWORD(S):
Flint, Ancient Canoe, Beggars Badge, Whale, Grinding Stone

PERIOD(S):
Sixteenth Century

HOW TO CITE
Archaeologists have found 4-5 large Mesolithic postholes (one may have been a natural tree throw), which date to around 8000 BC. These held pine posts around 0.75 metres (2 ft 6 in) in diameter which were erected and eventually rotted in situ. Stage I. 3100 BC. The first monument consisted of a circular bank and ditch enclosure made of Late Cretaceous (Santonian Age) Seaford Chalk, measuring about 110 metres (360 ft) in diameter. The chalk dug from the ditch was piled up to form the bank. This first stage is dated to around 3100 BC, after which the ditch began to silt up naturally.

Stonehenge is a prehistoric monument in Wiltshire, England, two miles (3 km) west of Amesbury. It consists of a ring of standing stones, with each standing stone around 13 feet (4.0 m) high, seven feet (2.1 m) wide and weighing around 25 tons. The stones are set within earthworks in the middle of the most dense complex of Neolithic and Bronze Age monuments in England, including several hundred burial mounds.